1779] British Regime in Wisconsin

Who're still in hopes, ere long, to check
The British arms,—to storm Quebec,
And seize the key of that great door,
Through which all merchandise must pour;
For, while Britannia rules the main,
No goods can come from France or Spain;
"Be sure this part you well explain."
Shall France, then, send to spoil your lands,
And councils hold with empty hands?
No! Interest bids you all oppose
Those empty-handed Parlevous.

To Detroit, Linctot bends his way; I therefore turn you from the Pey⁴⁶
To intercept the chevalier.⁴⁷
At Fort St. Joseph's⁴⁸ and O Post,⁴⁹
Go,—lay in ambush, for his host,
While I send round Lake Mitchigan,
To raise the warriors—to a man;—
Who, on their way to get to you,
Shall take a peep at—at Eschickagou,⁵⁰
Eghittawas⁵¹ smiles at the notion
Of Kissegouit, brave Neotochin,
Swift Neogad, fierce Scherroschong,
And Glode, the son of Vieux Carong,⁵²

⁴⁵ Spoken to Mr. Ainse, the Indian interpreter.—A. S. DE P.

⁴⁶ A small fort on the Islenois River.—A. S. DE P.

⁴⁷ A nickname.-A. S. DE P.

 $^{^{48}}$ At the head of the river of that name, where the Pottawatamies have a fort and large settlement.—A. S. de P.

⁴⁹ Post St. Vincent (Vincennes), so called.—A. S. DE P.

⁵⁰ A river and fort at the head of Lake Mitchigan.—A. S. DE P. Comment by Ed. There was no fort at Chicago at this period, although a trading house existed on the site.

⁵¹ A staunch friend to the British cause, gained over by the commandant of Michilimackinac.—A. S. DE P.

⁵² These chiefs were Ottawa and Menominee, in alliance with the British. For Neogad, an Ottawa, see *Ill. Hist. Colls.*, i, p. 356. For